Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1-35. (Canceled)

36. (Currently Amended) A method for determining a received channel power indicator (RCPI) in a wireless transmit/receive unit (WTRU) network, the method comprising:

measuring a received radio frequency power of a received signal in a selected channel at an antenna connector: and

determining an N bit RCPI received channel power indicator (RCPI)
parameter from the measured received radio frequency power, wherein the RCPI
parameter is determined using a monotonically increasing logarithmic function; and
transmitting the determined N bit RCPI parameter.

- 37. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 36 wherein the measured received radio frequency power<u>of a received signal</u> is measured by a physical (PHY) sublayer.
- 38. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 37 wherein the PHY sublayer is a direct sequence spread spectrum (DSSS) PHY sublayer.
 - 39. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 37 wherein the PHY

sublayer is an orthogonal frequency division multiplex (OFDM) PHY sublayer.

40. (Canceled)

- 41. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 36 wherein the monotonically increasing logarithmic function received radio frequency power is defined in dBm.
- 42. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 36 wherein a value of the N bit RCPI parameter is an 8 bit value RCPI parameter.
- 43. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 42 wherein a value of the 8 bit value RCPI parameter is in represents a range of 0 through 220.
- (Currently Amended) The method of claim [[43]] 41 wherein the 8 bit RCPI parameter value measured received radio frequency power is rounded to a nearest 0.5 dB[[m]].
- 45. (Currently Amended) The method of claim_43 [[44]] wherein the 0 range value corresponds to a power less than -110_dBm and the 220 range value corresponds to a power greater than -0.dBm.
- 46. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 41 wherein the measured received radio frequency power is measured to an accuracy of +/- 5_dB.
 - 47. (Currently Amended) A wireless transmit/receive unit (WTRU)

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comprising:

a processor configured to:

measure a received radio frequency power of a received signal in a selected channel at an antenna connector; and

determine an N bit received channel power indicator (RCPI) parameter from the measured received radio frequency power, wherein the RCPI parameter is determined using a monotonically increasing logarithmic function; and

a transmitter configured to transmit the determined N bit RCPI parameter.

- 48. (Currently Amended) The WTRU of claim 47 wherein the measured received radio frequency power of a received signal is measured by a physical (PHY) sublayer.
- (Previously Presented) The WTRU of claim 48 wherein the PHY sublayer is a direct sequence spread spectrum (DSSS) PHY sublayer.
- (Previously Presented) The WTRU of claim 48 wherein the PHY sublayer is an orthogonal frequency division multiplex (OFDM) PHY sublayer.
 - (Canceled)
- 52. (Currently Amended) The WTRU of claim 47 wherein the monotonically increasing logarithmic function received radio frequency power is defined in dBm.
 - 53. (Currently Amended) The WTRU of claim 47 wherein a value of

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the N bit RCPI parameter is an 8 bit value RCPI parameter.

- 54. (Currently Amended) The WTRU of claim 53 wherein a value of the 8 bit value RCPI parameter is in represents a range of 0 through 220.
- (Currently Amended) The WTRU of claim [[54]] 52 wherein the 8 bit RCPI parameter value measured received radio frequency power is rounded to a nearest 0.5 dB[[m]].
- 56. (Currently Amended) The WTRU of claim 55 wherein the 0 range value corresponds to a power less than -110_dBm and the 220 range value corresponds to a power greater than -0.dBm.
- 57. (Currently Amended) The WTRU of claim 52 wherein the measured received radio frequency power is measured to an accuracy of +/- 5_dB.
- 58. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 36, wherein the radio frequency power of the received signal is measured over an entire frame.
- (Previously Presented) The method of claim 58, wherein the entire frame includes a Physical Layer Convergence Protocol (PLCP) preamble.
- 60. (Previously Presented) The WTRU of claim 47, wherein the processor is configured to measure the radio frequency power of the received signal over an entire frame.

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61. (Previously Presented) The WTRU of claim 60, wherein the entire frame includes a Physical Layer Convergence Protocol (PLCP) preamble.